

Use of English C1: alcance, concesión y registro

Ficha 1 de 4 · Scope and evidence

LA REGLA

En C1 una reformulación debe conservar cantidad, certeza, fuente y relación lógica. All/no abarcan el conjunto; most/some lo limitan. May, might y appears dejan una hipótesis abierta; will, proves o definitely la presentan como segura. Una muestra no representa por sí sola a toda la población; comprueba cómo se seleccionó antes de extender la conclusión. Para conceder, although/even though introducen una proposición; despite/in spite of, un nombre o -ing; nevertheless/however enlazan enunciados independientes. En un escrito formal, usa fórmulas completas de cortesía, como I would appreciate your reply, y evita abreviaciones y jerga; en mensajes neutros basta una petición clara con please. Distingue dato registrado, interpretación y propuesta antes de elegir.

¡Ojo! — el fallo típico. Cambiar «12 de 20» por «todos», o may por will, inventa una certeza. Una paráfrasis elegante que amplía el dato deja de ser equivalente.

1

Elige la reformulación que mantiene el alcance de «All responses were anonymous.».

- ☐ No response identified its author.
- ☐ Most responses did not identify their authors.
- ☐ The authors chose not to respond.

2

Elige la reformulación que mantiene el alcance de «The change may have reduced waiting times.».

- ☐ The change proved that waiting times fell.
- ☐ It is possible that the change reduced waiting times.
- ☐ Waiting times may have risen because of the change.

3 **Clasifica el alcance explícito de cada frase; escribe solo A–G.**

A. Every form was returned. · B. Only weekday visitors were surveyed. · C. The change may explain the decline. · D. No response named its author. · E. Three of ten users complained. · F. The delay might be temporary. · G. The rule applies to every site.

universal	limited	possible
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.....		
.....		

4 **Completa con una palabra que conserve exactamente el alcance.**

The delivery may be late. → There is a of delay.

5 **Completa con una palabra que conserve exactamente el alcance.**

Every letter carried a date. → Not one letter was

6 **Completa con una palabra que conserve exactamente el alcance.**

Approval lasts for three months. → The approval is to three months.

7

Elige la reformulación que mantiene el alcance de «Although the proposal is cheap, it has a hidden cost.».

- ☐ The proposal is cheap because it has a hidden cost.
- ☐ The proposal is cheap only if the hidden cost disappears.
- ☐ The proposal is cheap, but it has a hidden cost.

8

Elige la reformulación que mantiene el alcance de «The report drew on only one interview.».

- ☐ One of several interviews informed the report.
- ☐ Just one interview was used in preparing the report.
- ☐ The interview was not used in the report.

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Soluciones · ficha 1 de 4

Recorta o dobla esta página antes de dar la ficha.

- 1 Elige la reformulación que mantiene el alcance de «All responses were anonymous.». → No response identified its author.
- 2 Elige la reformulación que mantiene el alcance de «The change may have reduced waiting times.». → It is possible that the change reduced waiting times.
- 3 universal: A. Every form was returned., D. No response named its author., G. The rule applies to every site. · limited: B. Only weekday visitors were surveyed., E. Three of ten users complained. · possible: C. The change may explain the decline., F. The delay might be temporary.
- 4 The delivery may be late. → There is a chance of delay.
- 5 Every letter carried a date. → Not one letter was undated.
- 6 Approval lasts for three months. → The approval is limited to three months.
- 7 Elige la reformulación que mantiene el alcance de «Although the proposal is cheap, it has a hidden cost.». → The proposal is cheap, but it has a hidden cost.
- 8 Elige la reformulación que mantiene el alcance de «The report drew on only one interview.». → Just one interview was used in preparing the report.