

Use of English B2.2: destacar sin cambiar el hecho

Ficha 3 de 4 · Preserving meaning

LA REGLA

Una cleft enfoca sin alterar el hecho. It + is/was + foco + who/that destaca persona, cosa, fecha o lugar: It was the guide who arrived. What + sujeto + verbo + is/was + foco deja el dato nuevo al final: What we wanted was a map. Para una acción usa What she did was + verbo base. It wasn't until + fecha + that indica tardanza. Comprueba agente, objeto, tiempo y contraste.

¡Ojo! — el fallo típico. No cambies el dato ni añadas it tras una cláusula con What.

1 Completa el foco con una palabra.

It was at noon the alarm stopped.

2 Completa el foco con una palabra.

What they did was the labels before sending the boxes.

3 Completa el foco con una palabra.

It wasn't Monday that the revised map arrived.

4 Une cada dato con la reformulación que destaca el contraste indicado.

It was in the kitchen that the team found the note. · It was on Friday that the room opened. · It was the manager who signed the form. · What Mina did was ring the bell. · What we need is a key.

The manager signed the form, not the assistant.	
The room opened on Friday, not Thursday.	
We need a key, not a new lock.	
Mina rang the bell; she did not knock.	
The team found the note in the kitchen, not the hall.	

5 Completa el foco con una palabra.

All we is a second opinion.

6 Reescribe toda la frase para corregir el foco o conservar el hecho.

It was the mechanic which found the fault.

.....

7 Reescribe toda la frase para corregir el foco o conservar el hecho.

What I need it is a quieter room.

8 Reescribe toda la frase para corregir el foco o conservar el hecho.

It were the volunteers who cleared the entrance.

.....

Use of English B2.2: destacar sin cambiar el hecho

Soluciones · ficha 3 de 4

Recorta o dobla esta página antes de dar la ficha.

- 1 It was at noon that the alarm stopped.
- 2 What they did was check the labels before sending the boxes.
- 3 It wasn't until Monday that the revised map arrived.
- 4 The manager signed the form, not the assistant. → It was the manager who signed the form. · The room opened on Friday, not Thursday. → It was on Friday that the room opened. · We need a key, not a new lock. → What we need is a key. · Mina rang the bell; she did not knock. → What Mina did was ring the bell. · The team found the note in the kitchen, not the hall. → It was in the kitchen that the team found the note.
- 5 All we want is a second opinion.
- 6 It was the mechanic which found the fault. → It was the mechanic who found the fault.
- 7 What I need it is a quieter room. → What I need is a quieter room.
- 8 It were the volunteers who cleared the entrance. → It was the volunteers who cleared the entrance.