

Use of English: transformar frases sin cambiar el sentido

Ficha 1 de 4 · Equivalencias con too/enough, used to y duración.

LA REGLA

Una transformación conserva exactamente el sentido, incluido tiempo, agente, negación y grado de certeza. Lee primero la frase original y subraya qué no puede cambiar. La palabra clave entre paréntesis debe aparecer sin modificar en el hueco. Después elige la estructura: too/enough y so/such cambian la forma; present perfect + since/for conserva la duración; en pasiva el objeto pasa a sujeto y se mantiene el tiempo; must/could/can't have + participio distingue certeza y posibilidad sobre el pasado. Al final compara las dos frases completas, no solo el hueco.

¡Ojo! — el fallo típico. Cambiar una palabra y perder la información: «was painted by Ana» no equivale a «is painted by Ana»; «could have» no expresa la certeza de «must have». Comprueba quién actuó, cuándo y con qué seguridad antes de dar por buena la frase.

1 Completa sin cambiar la palabra clave ni el sentido.

She is too young to drive. (ENOUGH) She is not drive.

2 Completa sin cambiar la palabra clave ni el sentido.

The box is so heavy that I cannot lift it. (TOO) The box is lift.

3 Completa sin cambiar la palabra clave ni el sentido.

I played tennis every weekend as a child. (USED) I every weekend.

4 Completa sin cambiar la palabra clave ni el sentido.

She started living here in 2020. (SINCE) She 2020.

5 Completa sin cambiar la palabra clave ni el sentido.

I last saw Tom three years ago. (FOR) I three years.

6 Completa sin cambiar la palabra clave ni el sentido.

We have been friends for ten years. (AGO) We became friends

7 Clasifica la estructura que conserva cada hábito.

I am accustomed to waking early. · I played daily in childhood. · She cycled to school then. · She is accustomed to working nights. · We are accustomed to travelling by train. · We lived near the sea before.

used to + infinitive	be used to + -ing
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Which rewrite keeps the meaning of "I started working here in 2021"?

- ☐ I worked here until 2021.
☐ I will work here in 2021.
☐ I had worked here before 2021.
☐ I have worked here since 2021.

9 Completa sin cambiar la palabra clave ni el sentido.

It was such a noisy room that we left. (SO) The room was we left.

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Soluciones · ficha 1 de 4

Recorta o dobla esta página antes de dar la ficha.

- 1 She is too young to drive. (ENOUGH) She is not old enough to drive.
- 2 The box is so heavy that I cannot lift it. (TOO) The box is too heavy for me to lift.
- 3 I played tennis every weekend as a child. (USED) I used to play tennis every weekend.
- 4 She started living here in 2020. (SINCE) She has lived here since 2020.
- 5 I last saw Tom three years ago. (FOR) I have not seen Tom for three years.
- 6 We have been friends for ten years. (AGO) We became friends ten years ago.
- 7 used to + infinitive: I played daily in childhood., She cycled to school then., We lived near the sea before. · be used to + -ing: I am accustomed to waking early., She is accustomed to working nights., We are accustomed to travelling by train.
- 8 Which rewrite keeps the meaning of "I started working here in 2021"? → I have worked here since 2021.
- 9 It was such a noisy room that we left. (SO) The room was so noisy that we left.