

La ciudad y cómo llegar: 30 palabras para pedir y dar direcciones

Ficha 2 de 5 · street, square, neighbourhood, building y crossing · there is o there are, tarjeta a tarjeta · how do I get to...?, opposite, next to y on foot

LA REGLA

Con estas 30 palabras pides y das una dirección: el sitio (bank, chemist's, bus stop), por dónde se va (turn left, go straight on, go past) y there is / there are para decir qué hay en cada calle.

¡Ojo! — el fallo típico. Exit no es «éxito»: es la salida. El éxito es success. Y library es la biblioteca; la librería es a bookshop.

1 Une cada palabra con su definición.

an open space with shops around it · cars and people go along it · it has flats or offices inside · the part of a town where you live · white lines where you walk across the road

street	
square	
neighbourhood	
building	
crossing	

2

Excuse me, how do I to the station?

☐ get ☐ arrive ☐ come ☐ take

3 ¿There is o There are?

a bank · a bus stop · a car park · some shops · three bridges · two churches

There is	There are
.....	
.....	
.....	
.....	

4

Cross the road: the bookshop is
the bank, on the other side.

5

My flat is next the chemist's, in the
same street.

6

I always go to school foot: it's only
ten minutes.

☐ on ☐ by ☐ in ☐ with

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Soluciones · ficha 2 de 5

Recorta o dobla esta página antes de dar la ficha.

- 1 street → cars and people go along it · square → an open space with shops around it · neighbourhood → the part of a town where you live · building → it has flats or offices inside · crossing → white lines where you walk across the road
- 2 Excuse me, how do I get to the station?
- 3 There is: a bank, a bus stop, a car park · There are: two churches, some shops, three bridges
- 4 Cross the road: the bookshop is opposite the bank, on the other side.
- 5 My flat is next to the chemist's, in the same street.
- 6 I always go to school on foot: it's only ten minutes.